

VIII Jornadas Ibéricas de

## Infraestruturas de Dados Espaciais

Lisboa | 15-17 novembro 2017











# INSPIRE data harmonization of mineral resources: contribution of MINERALS4EU project

A practical example of data harmonization

Lopes, Catarina; Quental, Lídia; Oliveira, Daniel; Filipe, Augusto; Pereira, Aurete



### **Outline**

- 1. Introduction
- 2. The Project Minerals4EU
- 3. The EU-MKDP
- Data harmonization of mineral resources (Portugal)
- Minerals4EU (INSPIRE compliant) Web Feature Service implementation
- 6. Final considerations







### 1. Introduction

Why do we need mineral resources?

Mineral Resources
Out of the ground...into our daily lives

**Mineral resources** support society at different levels, depending on their technological development, and strongly impact on the economic, societal and environmental sustainability pillars.

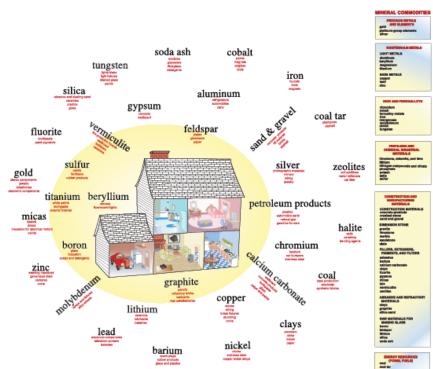




Image from: Frank, Dave, Weathers, Judy, Galloway, John, 2001, Mineral resources; out of the ground...into our daily lives: U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 01-360, https://pubs.usgs.gov/of/2001/0360/

### 1. Introduction

### For a sustainable use of mineral resources

To accomplish these goals:

- improve European mineral resources knowledge base
- Stakeholder platform European Innovation Partnership on Raw Materials (**EIP RM**) was implemented
- \* reduce EU's consumption of primary raw materials promoting efficient use of the several projects by the use of secondary raw-materials and recycling programs, such as OneGeology-Europe, ProMine, EuroGeoSource,.......Minerals4EU increase the networking between the national geological surveys to facilitate the exchange of information and improve the interoperability of data





### 2. The Project Minerals4EU

### http://www.minerals4eu.eu/

### Legal framework:

- ❖ INSPIRE Directive
- \* Raw Materials Initiative
- Mining waste directive

### Main goals:

- ❖ Permanent minerals intelligence network for Europe (WP2) supplying data, information and knowledge
- Minerals Knowledge Data Platform (the EU-MKDP) and a web portal to provide geospatial harmonized data (WP5)
- European Minerals Yearbook with statistical information (WP4)
- ❖ Foresight studies related to the access to mineral deposits, recycling and efficient use of the resource and zero waste (WP6)

Two years project structured in six WPs - **LNEG** participated actively in WP4, **WP5** and WP6 - (ended on August 2015).



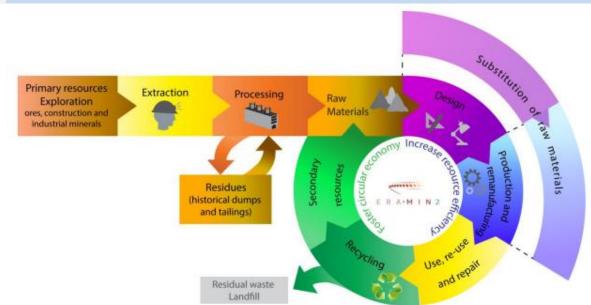


### 3. The EU-MKDP

Provides end-users full access to complete information related to the whole mineral resources value chain

from primary sources to waste streams, from exploration to production and trade, from estimates of resource availability to foresight studies on raw materials supply and demand in the EU......

### First pan European raw materials knowledge base



 $Image\ from\ https://www.era-min.eu/sites/default/files/publications/era-min\_research\_agenda.pdf$ 



Cassard, D., Tertre, F., Tulstrup, J., Vuollo, J., Tomas, R., Capova, D., Sinigoj, J., Delfini C & Burlet, C. 2014. The Minerals4EU Knowledge Data Platform: implementing INSPIRE data models in the first pan-european raw materials knowledge base. INSPIRE Conference 2014. Aalborg, Denmark, 16-20 June (2014)



### 3. The EU-MKDP Architecture nuclear pillars

Based on harmonized data models and terminologies developed by the two major ongoing activities related to data interoperability:

- ❖ All the regulatory and technical framework for the construction of the Spatial Data Infrastructure in Europe (INSPIRE).
- ❖ IUGS Committee for the Management and Application of Geosciences Information (IUGS-CGI) - and represented by the projects GeoSciML (http://www.cgi-iugs.org/tech\_collaboration/geosciml.html) and EarthResourceML (http://www.earthresourceml.org/).

Cassard, D., Tertre, F., Tulstrup, J., Vuollo, J., Tomas, R., Capova, D., Sinigoj, J., Delfini C & Burlet, C. 2014. The Minerals4EU Knowledge Data Platform: implementing INSPIRE data models in the first pan-european raw materials knowledge base. INSPIRE Conference 2014. Aalborg, Denmark, 16-20 June (2014) VUOLLO, J., SIMONS, B., LAXTON, J., CASSARD, D. and SEYMON, A. EarthResourceML v.2.0 — an upgrade of the CGI-IUGS earth resource data model due to INSPIRE Data specification. 34th International Geological Congress 2012. Brisbane, Australia, 5-10 August (2012)



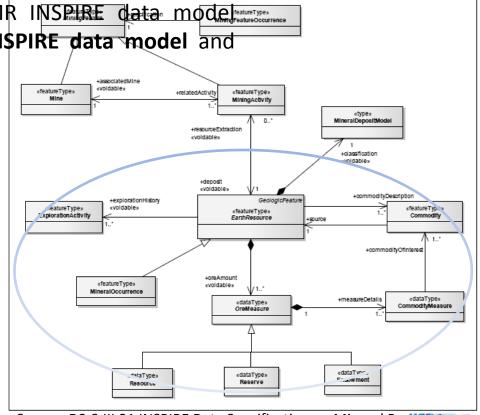


### 3. The EU-MKDP MR INSPIRE data model

The Initiate hat a model requirement of the broad (material by) finspire data model and

informetiates 19 tables.

- the description and location of mines and mining activities and
- the description and location of mineral resources, including their classification, resource and reserve estimations, as well as a description of the main commodities.





Source: D2.8.III.21 INSPIRE Data Specification on Mineral Resources – Technical Guidelines" version 3.0

### 3. The EU-MKDP EarthResourceML and GeoSciML data models

**EarthResourceML** describes the geological features of **mineral occurrences** 

their commodities, mineral resources and reserves, mines and mining activities, and the production of concentrates, refined products, and waste materials

### **GeoSciML** describes the **geological data**

Both standards have been used as the basis for the INSPIRE Geology/Mineral Resource core data models

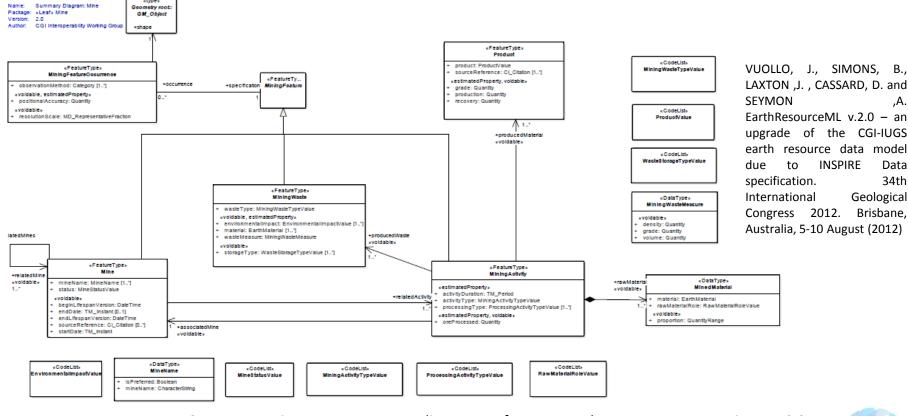
In the Minerals4EU data model correspond to the EarthResourceML **Data Model** and **INSPIRE Extension** and cover 15 distinct tables.

- Responding to RMI and Mining Waste Directive requirements:
  - waste deposits location
  - waste material type and related environmental risks
  - type of product resulting from the mining activity
- Expanding the description of rock and mineral products (Earth material from **GeoSciML**)





### 3. The EU-MKDP EarthResourceML and GeoSciML data models





Mine diagram from EarthResourceML 2.0. Source: summary version (http://www.earthresourceml.org/)

### 3. The EU-MKDP Minerals4EU extensions

### Minerals4EU extensions:

9 tables for additional information



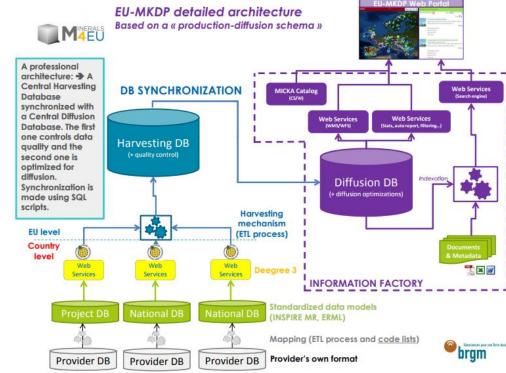


### 3. The EU-MKDP Distributed system architecture

Based on high-level interoperability standards was founded on the advances made in former projects - **ProMine** and **EuroGeoSource**.

- 1. The **national level**, from which each country provide data a WFS INSPIRE compliant for the Harvesting System
- The central Harvesting System reads the data from WFS and stores it in the Harvesting Database. The data is subsequently delivered to the Diffusion System
- 3. The **Diffusion Database** is updated regularly with data from the Harvesting Database. It is optimized for diffusion of the data and for the computation of requests to the services.





Source: http://www.minerals4eu.eu/index.php/downloads/presentations Cassard, D. & Tertre, F. Work Package 5 The EU-MKDP (Minerals Knowledge Data Platform). Minerals4EU Final Conference, Brussels, Belgium, August 25, 2015

### The EU-MKDP Vocabularies

EarthResourceML Vocabularie
-----------------------------

Editinesourceivic vocabulaties			Semantic interoperationly was promoted throught the use of controlled
Collection of terms	Concept scheme metadata	SPARQL endpoint	vocabularies from INSPIRE Core Data Models and EarthResourceML
Commodity Code	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	v.2.0 model embedded in the EU-MKDP data model
Earth Resource Expression	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	
Earth Resource Form	<u>v2016.02</u>	<u>sparql</u>	Recommendations from the IUGS / CGI Geosciences Terminology
Earth Resource Material Role	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	
Earth Resource Shape	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	Working Group (GTWG)
End Use Potential	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	
Environmental Impact	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	Results from previous projects namely EuroGeoSource and ProMine.
Exploration Activity Type	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	Results from previous projects namely zuro ecosource and results.
Exploration Result	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	
Mine Status	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	14 codelists from INSPIRE/EarthResourceML;
Mineral Occurrence Type	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	8 codelists from EarthResourceML;
Mining Activity	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	•
Processing Activity	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	1 codelist from INSPIRE,
Raw Material Role	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	1 codelist from EarthResourceML/Census,
Reporting Classification Metho		<u>sparql</u>	1 codelist from Commission decision,
Reserve Assessment Category	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	•
Resource Assessment Category		<u>sparql</u>	1 codelist from IMA,
UNFC Code	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	4 codelists from GeoSciML and
<u>Waste Storage</u>	<u>v2016.01</u>	<u>sparql</u>	3 codelists from INSPIRE/ GeoSciML.

Source: <a href="http://resource.geosciml.org/">http://resource.geosciml.org/</a>

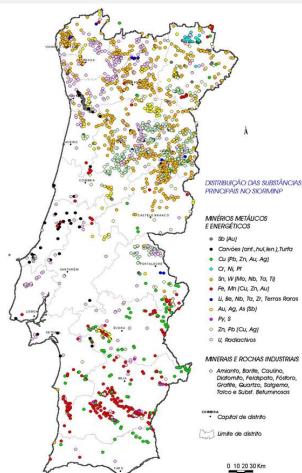


VUOLLO, J., SIMONS, B., LAXTON, J., CASSARD, D. and SEYMON, A. EarthResourceML v.2.0 – an upgrade of the CGI-IUGS earth resource data model due to INSPIRE Data specification. 34th International Geological Congress 2012. Brisbane, Australia, 5-10 August (2012)

Semantic interoperability was promoted through the use of controlled



### 4. Data harmonization of mineral resources (Portugal) Source data: SIORMINP



Designed and created to broaden geoscientific, technical and economic **knowledge** on **mineral occurrences**, **resources** and **reserves** by:

- supplying information for geological maps
- contributing for the **mining development** and its **sustainability**, by selecting and diffusing information regarding areas with mineral extraction potential to exploration companies
- supporting an efficient land use planning

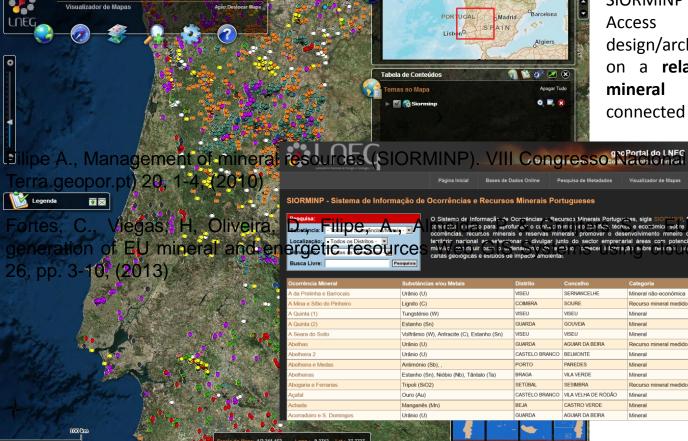
### SIORMINP geospatial information:

- categorization of mineral occurrences and resources
- regional and local geology
- mineralogy
- past mining licenses
- mining activity
- commodities



geoPortal LNEG

### SIORMINP in LNEG Geoportal



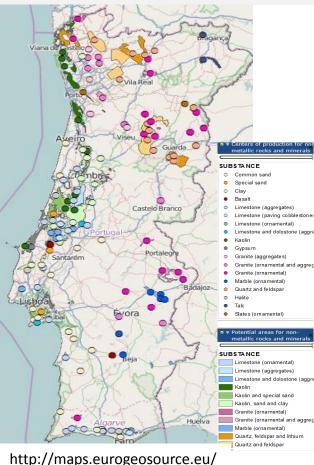
SIORMINP data has been stored in MS Access databases with own design/architecture and vocabulary, based on a relational model in which each mineral occurrence or resource is connected to a wide set of auxiliary tables

e இe**2003**ja,websT**ennaghatpd**/en the LNEG's **geoportal**. In **2010** a WMS was created இதிலிலி RGEm - St**or** Mirew comportiviged pocked in eyas/)n°

But SIORMINP database was mostly kept in MS Access.



### 4. Data harmonization of mineral resources (Portugal) Source data: Previous projects



In the scope of EuroGeoSource (EGS) SIORMINP data was harmonized according to general rules set by the INSPIRE specifications as well as the EGS datamodel, and published using OGC compliant Web services.

Minerals4EU data model was based on EGS data model and vocabularies, being however much more complex.

- mineral occurrences
- mines
- mining activity
- Source data from EGS
- comodities
- earthresource material
- rock material
- mineral
- alteration description......

### Minerals4EU data model

- core INSPIRE data model
- EarthResourceML data model
- **INSPIRE** extension
- Minerals4EU extensions



Source data: Previous projects



For **ProMine** data from SIORMINP was harmonized to fulfill the requirements of the project that developed the first pan-European GIS-based database containing the known and predicted metalliferous and non-metalliferous resources (primary and secondary) of the EU.

**Minerals4EU** data model was based on **ProMine** data model and vocabularies to cover the requirements of Raw Materials Initiative and Mining Waste Directive .

- mining wastes
- Sowaste typata from
- **†**rowastestoragetype
- environmental impact.
- mining activity

### Minerals4EU data model

- EarthResourceML data model
- INSPIRE extension





Matching categorization

First step: accurate analysis of Minerals4EU datamodel and vocabularies (codelists)

**Second step**: identification of matching tables and fields within Minerals4EU data model and source data from former Eurogeosource and ProMine projects (INSPIRE compliants)

Three distinct situations were identified:

- i) a **complete match** between INSPIRE codelists **no need for further** reclassification
- ii) a partial match partial need for reclassification

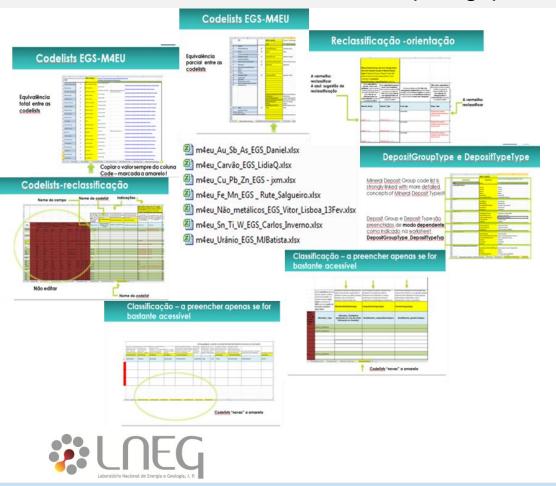


To be done by: Mineral resources experts

- iii) no match with CGI codelists need for reclassification
  - iv) classification of "new" data
    - Data information from previous projects and SIORMINP was verified using excel files. No automatic transformation was applied.





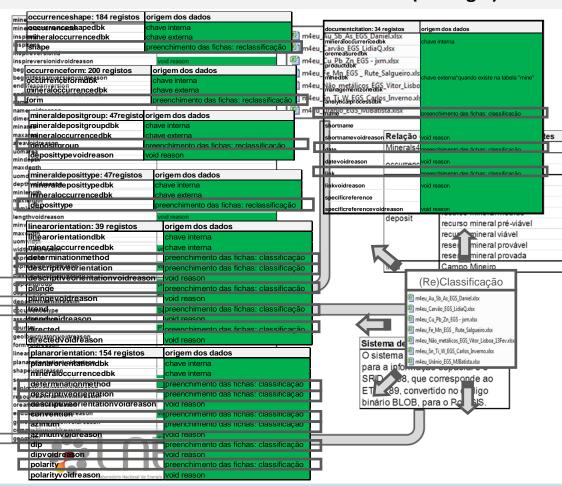


### Reclassification and new data acquisition

Some excel files were distributed - by groups of substances - to the mineral resource experts.

indicating which fields should be filled in for classification, which fields should be reclassified, which codelists should be used and contained some guidelines according to the project specifications, like classification of absent values into -"Unknown", "Unpopulated" or "Withheld.

These files had already been created for the EuroGeoSource project and have been improved, updated and adapted to the Minerals4EU model.

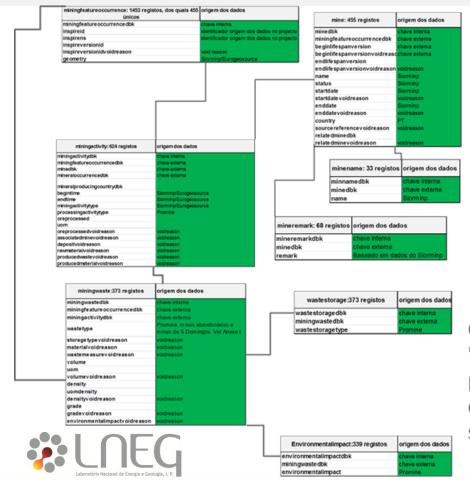


### Pratical examples....deposit group

In general, classification very conditioned by the codelists ... and many times leading to (too much) generic options.

> "deposit group" or/and "deposit type" codelists insufficiently comprehensive to describe correctly Fe-Mn deposits and kaolin deposits.



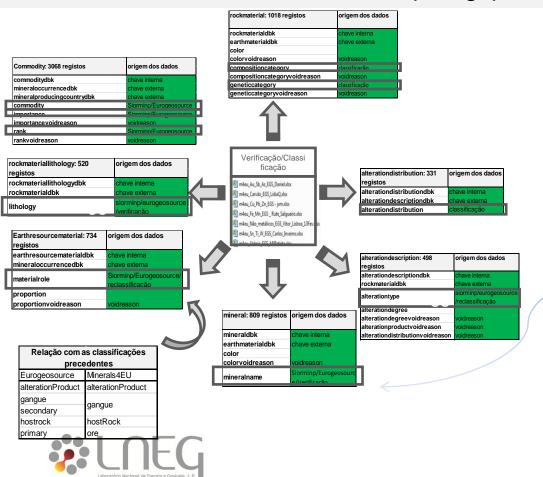


### Pratical examples....mining activity

- "mining activity" codelist insufficiently comprehensive not embracing hybrid classifications - open-sky and undergroung mining activity in the same mine.
- constraints within "miningactivity", "mine" and "miningwaste" tables that require the "miningfeatureoccurrence" identifier to be unique (geometry data).

### Led to duplication of geometries

Geometry is represented in "mineraloccurrence" and "miningfeatureoccurrence" and corresponds to the points of SIORMINP, which in turn represent centroids of mining concession areas. Reference system SRID 4258.



### Pratical examples....mineral

"earthresourcematerial" and "earthmaterial" contain information
about the rocks and minerals associated
with the mineral occurrence.

Regarding Minerals, codelist from IMA is too specific.....no option representing "mineral groups" was available.......... widely used in our data.

Led to forced classification: Tourmaline (schrol); Feldspar (albite); Apatite (fluorapatite); Mica (muscovite); Chlorite (clinochlore); Amphibole (ferrohornblende) and Carbonates (calcite).

### Minerals4EU (INSPIRE compliant) Web Feature **Service implementation**

### Loading data and publishing WFS

Creation of a virtual machine



Installation of the software stack following the cookbooks, software and scripts from the project.



http://http://data.geus.dk/svn/m4eu/

Minerals Intelligence Network for Europe

- PostgreSQL to implement the relational database;
- PostGIS for spatial objects support
- Apache Tomcat and Deegree to implement the WFS
- SQL script files defining the Minerals4EU relational database model as tables, views and codelists.
- Degree Minerals4EU mapping file describes how database tables are transformed to Minerals4EU GML.

Configuration of the PostgreSQL Web Feature Database

Server



Configuration of the Web Feature



Loading data PostgreSQL database



scripts

SQL

compilation all xls tables with

Running



after

# 5. Minerals4EU (INSPIRE compliant) Web Feature Service implementation

Minerals4EU Portal



http://minerals4eu.brgm-rec.fr/minerals4EU/

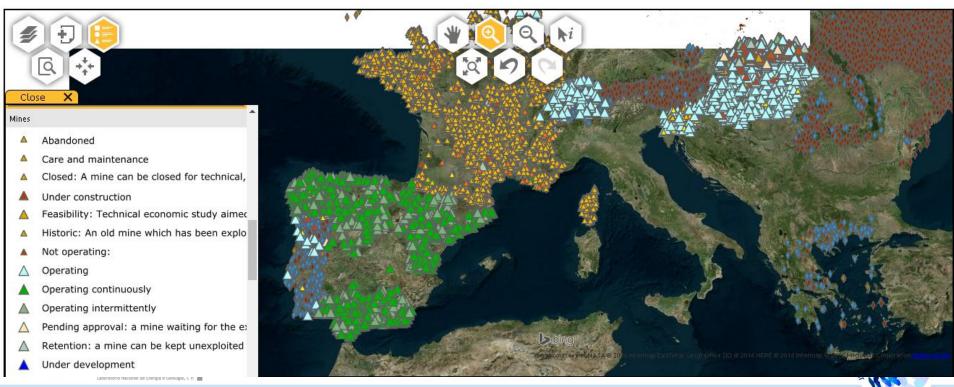
HOV

DATA SEARCH

MAP VIEWER

METADATA CATALOG

YEARBOOK



Final considerations ..... Follow up

Transformed and harmonized dataset from EuroGeoSource and Minerals4EU have been kept in virtual machines, serving the data for the respective projects within the respective datamodels and specifications.

Some actions are being currently undertaken in order to make this harmonised dataset available in LNEG's web portal, representing the **Mineral Resources INSPIRE-compliant dataset**.

Within these actions, the **harmonised dataset from Minerals4EU project** have been loaded into an **ESRI INSPIRE-compliant geodatabase** and will be published in the LNEG Portal in the near future......

Thank you for your attention!



